EUROPE.

Special Telegram to the Herald.

Opening of the Great Paris Exposition by Napoleon.

A Brilliant Scene Amidst General Confusion Inside the Building.

Auti Prussian Agitation on the Rhine, and France and Germany Excited.

English Feeling on the Cession of Rus-

sian America.

BY THE CABLE TO APRIL I.

THE PARIS EXPOSITION.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE HERALD.

Formal Opening of the Great Exposition-A General Holiday and Turn Out of the the American Department Greatly Behind-Splendid Reception of the Emperor and Imperial Party-Advance in the Charges of

The great Paris Universal Exposition was formally

lation of the city. The morning dawned cloudily, but the sky cleared at an early hour, and by ten o'cleck in the foreneon the weather was most beautiful, like that enjoyed on a fine day of May in New York. The state of the weather may be taken indeed as typical of the Exhibition building, which is now in great confusion, but when fully completed will be one of the wonders of

Viewed at a distance the building resembles a mam moth easometer dressed with flags, but when entered it

by the time of the Emperor's arrival there were five thou around Paris, at least one hundred thousand people had

be employed in journeys to and from the building.

workmen were busy carting away the rubbish when the Emperor arrived. Heaps of dirt and straw and packing

The American department is one of the most incomner Beckwith, who appears totally inefficient. The

t At one e'clock the invited guests assembled in the art gallery, where America made a fine show; many fine pictures being exhibited and well hung, but the English display was much greater. When the guests gathered, conceded. They were the belies of the day.

A brilliant company blazing with diamonds and orders Stied the central hall to welcome the Emperor and Empress, who came precisely at two o'clock in the after-

not demonstrative towards them. No cheers greeted the imperial party. They drove up a long avenue covered with a velvet canopy of green and gold, decorated with flags and lined with soldiers. They alighted at a splendid pavillion specially built for the Emperor.

The Emperor immediately reappeared and gave his door. During the imperial progress full bands played

The cheering now grew louder, the Americans and English present leading with hearty "hurrahs," and Turks, Japanese, Italians, Prussians, Germans and French joining in the different styles peculiar to their

. The Emperor and Empress bowed repeatedly to the crowd as they ascended the platform which runs around

of the Legion of Honor, and carried a heavy cane. He

fooked smiling, but pale and fatigued. The Empress was robed in black silk, and looked in

The Prince Imperial and Prince Napoleon were not

The Princess Clothilde were a brown velvet dress, pow dered with gold.

A distinguished party of Senators and Ministers formed an escort for the imperial party. Prince Leuchtenburg represented Russia.

The members of the Diplomatic Corps accredited to the French Court, clothed in uniform, had special seats reserved for them at the opening scene, but they were completely hidden from view.

Preceded by the chamberlains the party passed round the entire gallery, nearly a mile long. ! The different national commissions stood on a platfor

over the sections allotted to their countries.

The Amperor spoke a few words to each commission, but at the American department he stopped with the Empress and bowed to the crowd, who were cheering

portuge descended and passed through the art and a few other galleries, and at three o'clock returned to the

Americans in that department. England being near

harges fifty per cent after this week. It is necless to come to see the Exposition before May.

GERMANY.

The Anti-Prussian Excitement in Luxemburg-Agitation on the Rhine.

Baresta, April I, 1867.

The appearance of anti-Prussian placards in the streets

Prussian commander, and, pending the settlement of the affair, the irritation is increasing on both sides of the

ENGLAND.

A Satisfactory Budget Exhibit.

Lossos, April 1, 1867.

The figures of the budget laid before the House of Commons show that the revenue of Great Britain for the last fitcal year exceeds the expenditures of the gov-

THE RUSSIAN CESSION.

English Feeling on the Sale of Russian Amer-

Regret is generally expressed by the English press and in political circles at the proposed sale of the Russian Possessions in North America to the United States.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

The London Money Market.

LONDON, April 1—Noon.

Consols for money open at 91.

ere not quite so firm at the opening as at the close on Saturday. There has been a slight dectine in all des-

United States five twenty bonds have declined & aince
the opening, and are now quoted at 74%.
 Consols for money
 91

 United States five-twenties
 74%

 Erie Rallway shares
 38%

 Illinois Central Railway shares
 19

The Continental Bourses.

LONDON, April 1—Noon.

United States bonds opened at Frankfort at 78% and FRANEFORT, April 1-Evening.

United States bonds have declined % per cent, and The Liverpool Cetton Market.
Liverpool, April 1-Noon.
The cotton market is firm at the following quota-

The sales to-day promise to reach 10,000 bales. Livercoot, April 1—2 P. st.

The cotton market has become considerably more active, and the sates of the day are likely to exceed the acon estimate by some 3,000 balos.

A change has taken pince in the cetton market since the two o'clock report. The sales to-day foot up 10,000 bales, and the market closes dull at the lowest quotations, namely—134. for middling uplands, and 131,4. for middling Orleans. for middling Orleans.

Liverpool Breadstuffe Market The market is generally firm. Corn is very firm, and is quoted at the highest figure of Saturday, vir:—40s. per quarter for mixed Western. Wheat, 12s. 3d. for Western red, and 13s. 6d. for California white. Flour, 28s. 9d. per bbl. for Western Canal. Barley, 4s. 6d.

13s. 8d., and white California, 13s. 6d. Flour, 25s. 9d. Corn, 40s. Barley, 4s. 6d. Oats, 3s. 3d. Liverpool Provisions Market. Lavanroot, April 1—Noos.

The market is generally duil. Pork, 76a.; beef, 124s.
6d.; bacon, 39s.; choose, 60a.; lard, 50s.

Provisions are dull. Pork, 70a Beef, 124a. Bacon, 40s. 6d. Cheese, 60s. Lard heavy at 49s. 6d.

Liverpeel Preduce Market. -Liverpeel Preduce Market. -Liverpeel III - Noon. The market is generally unchanged. Fine rosm has per cwt.; common is unchanged, at 8s. 9d. Spirits tur-pentine has declined 3d., and is now quoted at 37s. per cwt. Petroleum 11d. per gallon for spirits, and la 6d. for refined. Tallow, 44c. 64.

Spirits of Petroleum, 11d.; common resin, 8s. 9d.; refined petroleum, 1s. 6d.; spirits turpentine, 37s.; clever seed, 54s.; pot ashes, 34s.; Scotch pig Iron, 51s. 6d.; tallow. 44s. 6d.; linseed oil, £39; linseed cakes, £10;

London Markets.
London, April 1-Noon Clover seed, 54s; ashes, 34s. for pots; iron, 51s. 6d. for Scotch pig; linssed oil, £39 per ton; linssed cakes, £10 per ton; Calcutta linssed, 56s.; whale oil, £41 per

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

The steamship Cuba, Captain Stone, which miled from New York on the 20th of March, arrived here yesterday on the way to Liverpool.

Disaster at Sea.
Livenroot, April 1, 1867.
The steamship Scraiva, from the Clyde, bound for toston, sunk at sea during a severe storm on the 20th

SOUTHERN VIEWS.

The Distracted Politicians in Too Much of a

The Distracted Politicians in Too Much of a Hurry.

[From the Natcher (Miss.) Courier, March 19.]

What is the necessity of this hot haste? Why this commotion among politicians and in newspapers to induce the people to do certain things at once? Six weeks ago Senator Alcorn received the coldest of shoulders from the Legislature for having thought that the fourteenth amendment was not as bad as it had been supposed. Even the honored Sharkey, whose name for purity and truth was a household word, had but few friends; and yet already we find the most ultra of former State rights secessionists not merely willing to submit to (for that our own people are, because they have to do so), but anxious to forestall the orders of Congress, and themselves put the Congressional machinery in operation.

themselves put the Congressional machinery in operation.

Why this hasts? Mississippi cannot be struck at before Virginia and Alabama are. Congress is about adjourning, not to meet again until fall, and a week or so will show how much more of hate or vengeance she intends to display. There is not a radical in Congress but gloats over the idea that a rush is being made at the south to embrace Congressional overtures the moment the price required is believed to be accertained. If mere representation in Congress was such a "be-all and an end-all," why did we withdraw in such a hurry in 1860? If Congressional tyrauny is such a bug bear now, why did we go out of the Union when we had a Congress in our favor, and only a President in future against us? These questions will spring up, when such letters as we have read are published from men who triged the people' to the course adopted in 1860; but which once adopted, with an unanimity unparraleiled, a devotion sever equalled, a constancy as glorious as that of martyrs, and a herolsm unsurpassed, that people laid down life, property and happiness to sustain; even to the bitter end of that unhappy but noble struggle.

ANOTHER MEGSO BOT IN CHARLESTON.

Two negroes got inude a street car and, refusing to leave, were ejected by the police. They forcibly resisted but were overcome and lodged in the station house; but were overcome and longed in the station noise; thereupon the negroes outside became disorderly, using brickbats, and threstened to rescus them. In the meior several parties were injured. Information was promptly sent to headquarters, and a squad of regulars liter real and took charge of five of the ringlessors. The matter will be invastigated before the Provest Court to-morrow.

MASS MEETING IN SAYARNAH, GA.

SAVANNAH, April 1, 1867.

large majority of those present were colored.

Addresses were made by ex-Governor Johnson, Colone tone, Dr. J. J. Waring, Colonel H. S. Fitz and several thers; also by Rev. J. M. Sims and J. G. Campbell,

passed to ence our recognize the progress of ideas in the anfranchmement of the colored race; that with mutual forbearance we will stand shoulder to shoulder in reorganising State governments and in maintaining the mational unity of the Cnited States, one and inseparable, Third—That the education of the whole people is of the lighest importance for the prosperity and freedom of a republican government, and with henceforth earnestly labor for the education of every citizen of the State. Fourth—That we respectfully and earnestly request that the military commandant of the Third district order a general registration and an election at the earliest practicable moment for a convention to reorganize the State of Georgia, in accordance with the plan of Congress.

great.

Attention three and a half hours occupied in speaking the meeting adjourned. Everything passed off quietly and the greatest order was preserved.

EFFORTS TO PREVENT THE HOLDING OF A CONVENTION IN

BALTIMORE, April 1, 1867. Applications have been filed by certain persons en-joining the Sheriff from holding any election for the convention authorized by the tate Legislature. To-day, in the Superior Court, Judge Martin said he was ready to give his opinion, and intimated he would dismiss the bill. The complananta' coursel not filing notes of the argument, the case was postponed.

Enlistment of State Troops to Preserve Order. KNOXVILLS, Tenn., April 1, 1867. Posters are out calling on men to enlist in the new

The Knoxville and Kentucky Rallroad officers are re-sected, and work on the great tunnel is to be pushed igorousity.

A conservative convention at Nashville.

A conservative convention was held in this place today, Judge Grant presiding. Judge Whiteworth and Mr.

ma, with 1,200 bales of cotton, was burned this morning, five miles above that point. The boat was owned in St. Louis and was valued at \$52,500. She was insured for \$35,000 in the Phomiz and Security, New York; Enterprise, Fire and Marine, Cincinnati; New England Musual Marine, Boston; Eureka, Pittaborg; Atlantic and Globe, St. Louis, and Boatmen's Insurance Trust Com-

NEWS FROM ARIZONA

A Train Attacked and Captured by Indiana Late advices from Arizona represent the Indians to be

scott to La Paz, in the vicinity of Date creek, and killed three men, wounded one and cap

NEWS FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

Forfeiture of Brandy-Successful Trial of a Machine for Laying Railroad Tracks, &c. Sax Frascisco, March 31, 1867.

A decree of forfeiture was yesterday entered in the case of the United States against forty-six casks of grape brandy, for failure to make correct returns to the Inter-

The trial of the new railroad constructor was a complete success. The machine levels the track, lays ties, deposits rails and nails them in their places.

It is estimated that twenty men can do as much work a day as two hundred without the aid of the constructor.

Sax Francisco, April 1, 1867.

The ship Orphens, from New York, has arrived and the ship Blue Jacket, for Liverpool, has saited.

Flour active and prices firm. Extra, \$6.50; superfine, \$5.75. Wheat quiet at \$1.75 a \$1.85. Exports since January, 1,200,000 sacks, over 900,000 of which were for Europe.

Legal tenders, 75c.

PROPOSED REBUILDING OF THE LINGELL HOTEL.

A meeting was held to-night to devise measures to rebuild the Lindell Hotel. It was attended by many of the most prominent citizens and capitalists of the city, and the most determined spirit was manifested. That the project should be carried to a successful issue about \$650,000 were subscribed on the spot, and committees composed of wealthy influential men were appointed to solicit subscriptions from owners of property adjacent and to canvase the city at large; said committee to report to the meetings from night to night until the required sum is raised. Edgar Ames will put in the land and material now on the spot, at a fair appraised valuation, and take the whole amount in stock. The rebuilding of the hotel is assured.

THE BIDS FOR THE PENNSYLVANIA STATE LOAK.

HARRISBURG, April 1, 1867.

THE PROPOSED NEW LINE OF STEAMERS TO TROY.

At a meeting of the Board of Trade this evening committee consisting of Mayor Flagg, the President, Vice President, and two members were appeinted to confer with parties from New York relative to the practicability of establishing an independent line of steamers to froy. There will ultimately be a new Mns built by Trojan capitalists.

A fire occurred to-night at No. 4 Commerce street among cotton stored ever the fish store of Frar,klin Snow & Co. There were some six hundred bales, ",wind by parties in St. Louis, and comanged to C. H. Co'fin, of Newburyport. Loss about \$20,008. All the pagies are

A fire this morning destroyed the Avery stable of Warren & Co. and six small frame b'alldings adjoining. The total loss will probably reach \$22,000, on which

CONNECTICUT ELECTION.

TRIUMPH OF MORALITY

THE WOOLLY HORSE TICKET DEFEATED.

Democratic State Candidates Elected.

The Humbug Barnum Repudiated .-- Three Democratic Congressmen Chosen.

The election yesterday in Connections was one the most animated that has been held in a number of years. The close vote of last spring induced the democrats to come out in their might and endeavor to bring the State back into the anks of the faithful, from which she has been absent for some years. They were greatly aided by the immoral dead weight which had been forced upon the republicans in the Fourth Congressional district in the shape of a swindling showman, and, as will be seen by the returns published below, their energies have been crowned with success, and the republican party in that State have been taught a lesson that they will not speedily forget.

The following are the names of the democratic

State officers chosen for the ensuing year:-Governor.....James E. English. Lieutenant Governor Ephraim H. Hyde. Secretary of State Leverett E. Pease. Treasurer..... Edward S. Moseley. Comptroller......Jesse Olney. The following are the names of the Congress

First District-Richard D. Hulbard, dem.; gain. Second District-Julius Hotchkiss, dem.; gain. Third District—H. H. Starkweather, rep.

Fourth District-Wm. H. Barnum, dem.; gain. The following comparative table of the vote or Govornor gives but a faint idea of the actual esult, as the vote in nearly every county is

	2000
1867	
noley.	English.
epub.	Dem.
3,557	3,447
8,666	9,273
4,506	4,599
2,898	2,801
8,977	11,292
1,378	1,248
1,667	1,406
1,731	1,097
3,380	35,183
	noley. 1 epub. 3,557 8,666 4,506 2,898 8,977 1,378 1,667 1,731

rious bours during the night and up to three o'clock NEW HAVEN, April 1, 1867.

English, democrat, is probably elected Govrnor by five hundred majority. Hubbard in the first, Hetchkiss in the second, and

The republicans elect Starkweather to Con-The democrats will probably have one majority

in the State Senate. The House is republican.

Wm. H. Barnum in the fourth.

NEW HAVEN, April 2-1 A. M. Private despatches state that sixty cities and towns, including New Haven and Hartford, give English, the democratic candidate for Governor, about six hundred majority.

HARTFORD, April 2-1:15 A. M. We have returns from all but thirty-two towns. English is elected by about three hundred majority. The republicans elect one Congressman-the Third district-and the democrats have elected their candidates in the First, Second and Fourth

The Hartford Times claims the election of English by from 600 to 1,000 majority.

NEW HAVEN, April 2-2 A. M. Beturns from all but thirty-two towns give English 300 majority. The balance of the State will increase his majerity to 600.

HARTPORD, April 2-3 A. M. Returns from all but twelve towns foot up as

Hawley's majority last year was 541, which shows a democratic gain as far as heard from of The Senate stands twelve republicans to nine

democrats; the House republican by thirty to forty majority.

The municipal election is progressing quietly, with in lications of a full vote. John G. -Bull, democrat, the present Mayor, was today re-elected by 5,687—a Union gain of 802 since toelection last yar. The Council stands:—Democrata, 12;
Union, 6.

Union, 6.

CIRCLEVILLE, Ohio, April 1, 1867.

Walker, the Union candidate, was elected Mayor to day by sixty-seven majority, a large Union gain. MUNICIPAL ELECTION IN DETROIT, MICH.

Detract, April 1, 1967.

The rote cast to-day was very light. The republicans were generally successful, and will elect the State ticket and a majority of the delegates to the Constitutional Convention. This city gave a small republican majority. The county was carried by the democrats.

Sandesty, Ohio, April 1, 1867.
The steamer Evening Star made her first trip to-day, and will now run regularly between this city and the liands of Lake Erie.
There is no ice in eight.

NAVAL INTELLIGENCE. Movemente of the Pacific Squadron.

TRAVEL ON LAKE EBJE BESUMED.

THE RUSSO-AMERICAN FELEGRAPH.

This company having, after a careful examina

primary arrangements for prosecuting this vast work this company has, to some extent, appeared to stand in

established the absence of physical obstacles to its construction, and the work was commenced with everything to indicate success.

Acting upon all the information thus obtained, and satisfied of the public need of connection with Europe which this route seemed to all minds to most certainly secure, and stimulated, moreover, thereto by the feeling of disappointment created by the failure of the Atlantic cable in 1858, the work was immediately commenced. Men of great experience and enterprise were despatched with large bedies of assistants to different points of the American and Asiatic coast, and, until a recent date, the work was prosecuted with all the vagor which capital and intelligent labor could secure.

The lines of this company having been completed to New Westminster, the capital of British Columbia, that city became the starting point for the line to Russia. With greater ease than the building of the line from Chicago to San Francisco, eight hundred and fifty miles of line were erected, and the wires connected to the banks of the Simpson river. Beyond it only needed a vigorous and intelligent commissariat to overcome the difficulties of transportation, and push the construction of the line to the Behring sea and on to the terminal point at the mouth of the Amoor.

Such was our condidence in the success of the undertaking, in the favorable reports made to us from our own explorers, and the topographical engineers of Russia, Great Britain and our own country, that the material for the whole line was purchased and distribution at various convenient points commenced, and such progress made on both continents as would have socured the completion of the entire structure within the present or succeeding year.

the American flag on the Pacific coast, it is due to he rising States resting thereou to effort them all the means of see qual civilization enjoyed on the shores of the Atlantic. The outlook of the one is Asia; of the other Europe. Foreign commerce and communication are as necessary for the one as the other. These have ever proved the harbingars of enightenment, prosperity and power. As a purely national measure we are anxious to adopt, even under our altered circumstances, any consistent means to give to the Paris coast still the elements of rigor and prosperity which on the Atlantic we enjoy. And when in expressing your estimate of the value of the tolegraph as affecting our relations with foreign as thors you stated your convection that 'no one measure of national policy would more effectually tend to secure the preservation of peace than the construction of the inter-continental telegraph." you expressed the strongest argument we can employ to asking you again to give the eight of your old-cial position towards accomplishing the work we entered with so much enthuliasm and have interrupted with se much regret. We have the boost to be, with high regard your obedient servants.

The Western Union Telegraph Company.

By WILLIAM ORTON, Vice Frendent.

On H. Palantar, Secretary.

Hon William H. Sawann, Secretary of Steie, Wash-

PALMER, Secretary, WILLIAM H. SEWAND, Secretary of State, Was

graphs that do not promise immediate or at least speedy revenues.

On the other hand, I shate no jot of my former similates of the importance of the Inter-Continueral Pacific Telegraph. I do not believe that the United States and Russia have given their faith to each other and to the world for the prosecution of that great exterprise in vain. The United States government is inburia as well as assacious. Prince Gorishasoff is a leasant as well as assacious. Prince Gorishasoff is a pleasant as well as a frank correspondent. I will with pleasure make your explanations known to him, and, with the Pessidant's leave, I will ask a conference upon the question, "What shall be done next?"

Accept my thanks for the frankness and cordinity of your communication.

tiemen, your obedient servant, WILLIAM H. SEWARD.

THE COTTON SPINNERS' STRIKE ABANDONED.

MANCHESTER, N. H., April 1, 1867.
The projected strike of the spinners for ten hours by has been abandoned, and work proceeds as usual in

WHAT - IN A NAME ?- A newly built and dasly fur be crowned with success.'

Court and his President, and we had better go with the current." The last apeaker expressed the quinten that John Brown's soul a still "marching on," and wisded it to be understood at Washington that "two are country. Better Abraham, three hundred thousend more."

Love Covernment in Levans. — A State Convention of the unconditional Unionists of Alabams has been called to meet at Montgomery, on Tuesday, June 4, with a view D reconstruction under the recent act of Congress.

MAILS FOR EUROPE. o'clock on Wednesday morning.

THE NEW YORK HERALD—Edition for Europe—will ready at eleven o'clock on Tuesday morning.

Single copies in wrappers, ready for mailing,

Dunn .- On Monday, April 1, of consumption, Nionocas DUNN, aged 23 years.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his uncle, Timothy Demond, No. 329 Clermont avenue, Brooklyn, on Wednesday afternoon, at two o'clock.

[For Other Deaths See Fifth Page.]

Why is Phalon's Night Blooming Core

All Prizes Cashed in Legal Letteries.—Circars and drawings sent. J. CLUTE, Broker, 176 Broadway

Bartlett's Reversible Sewing Machines, a ew style, for use by hand or foot. Frincipal office and siesrooms, 569 Broadway, corner Prince street, New York EXCHANGE, UNITED STATES BONDS, AND ALL.
Orders for American or European Products promity con-

Cutarrh.—The Origin of Cutarrh to in Mess cases a neglecied cold, which can be releved by the use of BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, by soothing the irri-tated and inflamed membrane extending from the near to the threat. Fee Coughs and Threat Diseases the Troches

Cristadoro's Hair Dye. The Best Ever Mas-

Dr. Marshall, 573 Brondway, Cares Ha-Den't Triffe With a Rad Cough or Clair when a remedy as sure, prompt and thorough as JAYAR EXPECTORANT can be readily obtained. Sold over

Florence Reversible, Feed MACRINES, LOCKSTITCH Sawing MACRINES, New York Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Sowing

Lon & Perrin's Sauce-Belletone with Sons, she game, meats, &c. JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, Agenta for the United States.

Royal Havana Lettany. Prizes. Paid in pid. Information furnished. The highest rotes past for loubleons and all kinds of Gold and Silver. TAYLOR & CO., Sankers, 16 Wall street, K. C. Royal Havena and all Logal Lettery.

By experienced translators of various countries.
Professor WILLIAM STARR, Direct

or & Wilson's Lockstitch Sewing Me

The United States steamer Mohkan arrived at Val-paraiso on the 25th of February, forty-three days from Montevideo, on her way to join the North Pacific squad-ron. She carries four nine inch guns, two thirty pounder Parrotts, one sixty pounder and one twenty-